

**IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the Claims as set forth below. Also, please cancel Claim 9, without prejudice.

1. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A foam comprising a propylene copolymer material comprising at least 50 weight percent of units derived from propylene, based on the total propylene copolymer material, and units derived from ethylenically unsaturated comonomers and having a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.5 to 8 g/10 min, a melt strength of at least 5 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 20 mm/s, the foam having a density of 50 kg/m<sup>3</sup> or less, exhibiting an Asker-C hardness of 35 or less, and exhibiting a Compressive Strength of 103 kPa or less as determined in accordance with ASTM 3575 for twenty five percent compression.
2. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 1 wherein the propylene copolymer material has a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.6 to 5 g/10 min, a melt strength of at least 7 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 30 mm/s.
3. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 2 wherein the propylene copolymer material has a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.6 to 3.5 g/10 min, a melt strength of at least 10 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 40 mm/s.
4. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 1 wherein the ethylenically unsaturated comonomer of the propylene copolymer material is selected from the group consisting of ethylene, C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> 1-olefins, and C<sub>4</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> dienes.
5. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 1 wherein the propylene copolymer material comprises a propylene homopolymer or a random or block propylene copolymer as a continuous phase and an elastomeric phase uniformly dispersed therein.
6. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 1 where the propylene copolymer material comprises a propylene random copolymer.

7. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 5 wherein the propylene copolymer material is a rheology modified propylene copolymer material.
8. (ORIGINAL) A foam according to claim 6 wherein the propylene random copolymer is a rheology modified propylene random copolymer.
9. (CANCELLED)
10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A foam according to claim 9 having a density in the range of 5 to 5070 kg/m<sup>3</sup>.
11. (ORIGINAL) Article comprising a foam in accordance with claim 1.
12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A process for making a foam, which process comprises converting a propylene copolymer material comprising at least 50 weight percent of units derived from propylene, based on the total propylene copolymer material, and units derived from ethylenically unsaturated comonomers and having a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.5 to 8 g/10 min, a melt strength of at least 5 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 20 mm/s, optionally mixed with a nucleating agent, into a polymer melt, introducing, at an elevated pressure, at least one blowing agent into the polymer melt to form a foamable gel, cooling the foamable gel, and extruding the foamable gel into a region of lower pressure to form a foam, the foam having a density of 50 kg/m<sup>3</sup> or less, exhibiting an Asker-C hardness of 35 or less, and exhibiting a Compressive Strength of 103 kPa or less as determined in accordance with ASTM 3575 for twenty five percent compression.
13. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A process for making a foam in the form of thermoplastic foam beads, which process comprises converting a propylene copolymer material comprising at least 50 weight percent of units derived from propylene, based on the total propylene copolymer material, and units derived from ethylenically unsaturated comonomers and having a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.5 to 8 g/10 min, a melt

strength of at least 5 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 20 mm/s, optionally mixed with a nucleating agent, into a polymer melt, cooling and granulating the polymer melt to form discrete resin particles, creating a suspension by dispersing the resin particles in a liquid medium in which they are substantially insoluble, introducing, at an elevated temperature and pressure, at least one blowing agent into the suspension to form resin particles having a blowing agent incorporated therein, and rapidly discharging the product into an atmosphere that promotes converting the product into foam beads, the foam having a density of 50 kg/m<sup>3</sup> or less, exhibiting an Asker-C hardness of 35 or less, and exhibiting a Compressive Strength of 103 kPa or less as determined in accordance with ASTM 3575 for twenty five percent compression.

14. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) Expandable composition comprising a propylene copolymer material comprising at least 50 weight percent of units derived from propylene, based on the total propylene copolymer material, and units derived from ethylenically unsaturated comonomers and having a melt flow rate in the range of from 0.5 to 8 g/10 min, a melt strength of at least 5 cN, and a melt drawability of at least 20 mm/s, optionally mixed with a nucleating agent, and a blowing agent, the expandable composition being capable of forming a foam having a density of 50 kg/m<sup>3</sup> or less, exhibiting an Asker-C hardness of 35 or less, and exhibiting a Compressive Strength of 103 kPa or less as determined in accordance with ASTM 3575 for twenty five percent compression.